

Uruguay



How many people die from smoking in Uruguay each year?

3,801

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Uruguay each year?

41,610,713,129

peso uruguayo

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Uruguay

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Uruguay. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Uruguay as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Uruguay

15+ years old; 2022

| Men | Women |
|-------|-------|
| 23.0% | 16.0% |

Adult smoking prevalence in Uruguay is 19.3%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Uruguay

15+ years old; 2022

| Men | Women |
|---------|---------|
| 303,178 | 229,828 |

Number of adult smokers in Uruguay is 531,637.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Uruguay

10-14 years old; 2022

| Boys | Girls |
|------|-------|
| 6.6% | 10.1% |

Youth smoking prevalence in Uruguay is 8.4%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Uruguay

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2016-2017

| Both Men and Women |
|--------------------|
| 0% |

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Uruguay is 0%.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Uruguay

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

13.9%

Women

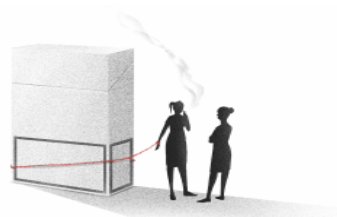
4.7%

9.4% of all deaths in Uruguay are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence**,
Youth Smoking and **Deaths**.

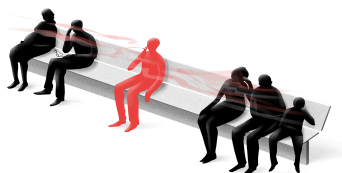
Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Uruguay

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Uruguay, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Uruguay is 41,610,713,129 peso uruguayo. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Uruguay, a smoker must spend 2.3% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 741 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Uruguay each year, equal to 275 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Uruguay.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

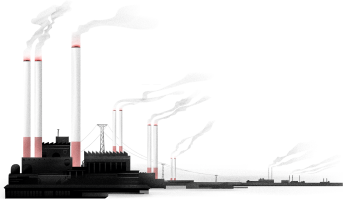
Learn more about **Health Effects**.

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Uruguay

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Uruguay.



Tobacco Industry
The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



Tobacco Production
There were approximately 3,707,000,000 cigarettes produced in Uruguay in 2023.



Tobacco Growing
There were 3,352 tons of tobacco produced in Uruguay in 2022 on 812 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Uruguay

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Uruguay

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Uruguay

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | N/A | Yes |
| Healthcare Facilities | Educational Facilities | Universities | Government Facilities | Indoor Offices | Restaurants | Pubs and Bars | Public Transport | All Other Indoor Public Places | Funds for Enforcement |

**Availability of Cessation Services
in Uruguay****Quitting Resources**

NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of
which is cost-covered)

National Quit Line**No**

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in
Uruguay****Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation**

None

Text warning label only

Text warning label with graphic warning label

✓ Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered**80%**

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

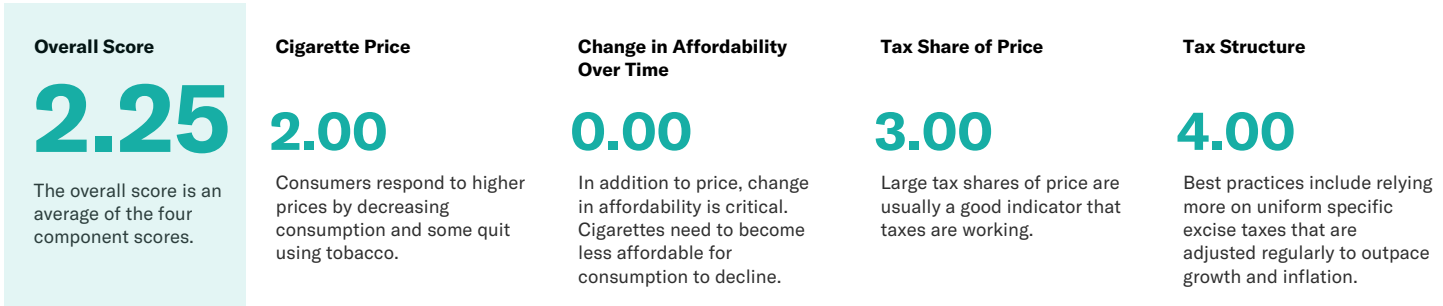
**Tobacco Control Mass Media
Campaigns in Uruguay**

| | |
|---|-----|
| Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign | Yes |
| Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program | Yes |
| Pre-Tested With The Target Audience | No |
| Target Audience Research Was Conducted | Yes |
| Aired On Television And/Or Radio | Yes |
| Utilized Media Planning | Yes |
| Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign | Yes |
| Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation | Yes |
| Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness | Yes |

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Uruguay

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the Scorecard in Uruguay.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Uruguay

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

| Direct Bans | 7 out of 7 direct bans implemented | Indirect Bans | 9 out of 10 direct bans implemented |
|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| National TV and radio | Yes | Free distribution in mail or through other means | Yes |
| International TV and radio | Yes | Promotional discounts | Yes |
| International magazines and newspapers | Yes | Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names | Yes |
| International magazines and newspapers | Yes | Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product | Yes |
| Billboard and outdoor advertising | Yes | Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement) | Yes |
| Advertising at point of sale | Yes | Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products | Yes |
| Advertising on internet | Yes | Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images | N/A |
| Ad Ban Compliance 92% | | Complete ban on sponsorship | Yes |
| | | Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual | Yes |
| | | Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals | Yes |
| | | | |