# Germany



How many people die from smoking in Germany each year?

148,650

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Germany each year?

73,901,457,408

euros

# **Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Germany**

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Germany. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Germany as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

## **Adult Smoking Prevalence in Germany**

15+ years old; 2019

en Women

29.9% 23%

Adult smoking prevalence in Germany is 27%.

## **Number of Adult Smokers in Germany**

15+ years old; 2019

10,066,714

Men Women

Number of adult smokers in Germany is 17,515,654.

# **Youth Smoking Prevalence in Germany**

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys Girls

5.3% 5.5%

Youth smoking prevalence in Germany is 5%.

# **Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Germany**

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2019

7,448,940

**Both Men and Women** 

1%

Adult smokeless to bacco use prevalence in Germany is 1%.

# **Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Germany**

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2019

Men

Womer

20.6%

10.5%

15% of all deaths in Germany are caused by tobacco use.

# Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

# **Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Germany**

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Germany, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



#### **Societal Harms**

The economic cost of smoking Germany is 73,901,457,408 euros. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



#### **Harms Development**

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Germany, a smoker must spend 1.76% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



#### **Environmental Harms**

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 15,831 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Germany each year, equal to 4,523 female African elephants.



# **Harms Health Equity**

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Germany.



# **Harms NCDs**

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

# Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Germany

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Germany.



# **Tobacco Production**

There were approximately 181 billion cigarettes produced in Germany in 2016.



## **Tobacco Industry**

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 336 billion in 2019, about the same as Viet Nam's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Ghana's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



#### **Tobacco Growing**

Germany is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 3.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2021 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

# **Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Germany**

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

## **Current Tobacco Control Policies in Germany**

# **Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Germany**



**Availability of Cessation Services** in Germany

**Quitting Resources** 

NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)

**National Quit Line** 



# Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Germany** 

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

None

Text warning label only

✓ Graphic warning label only

Plain Packaging with graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered

**65%** 

**Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.** 

# **Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Germany**

| Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign                            | Yes |
|---|-----|
| Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program                 | Yes |
| Pre-Tested With The Target Audience                             | Yes |
| Target Audience Research Was Conducted                          | Yes |
| Aired On Television And/Or Radio                                | Yes |
| Utilized Media Planning   | Yes |
| Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign | Yes |
| Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation            | Yes |
| Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness             | No  |

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

# **Tobacco Tax Policies in Germany**

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobaccononomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score

3.13

The overall score is an average of the four component scores.

Cigarette Price

Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco.

Change in Affordability Over Time

In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.

**Tax Share of Price** 

2.5

Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.

**Tax Structure** 

4

Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

# Learn more about the Scorecard in Germany.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Germany

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

| Direct Bans                        | 5 out of 7 direct bans implemented | Indirect Bans 2 out of 10 indirect   | bans implemented |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| National TV and radio              | Yes                                | Free distribution in mail or through other means   | No               |
| International TV and radio         | Yes                                | Promotional discounts  | Yes              |
| International magazines and newspa | apers Yes                          | Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names   | No               |
| International magazines and newspa | apers Yes                          | Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product  | No               |
| Billboard and outdoor advertising  | No                                 | Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)  | Yes              |
| Advertising at point of sale       | No                                 | Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products  | No               |
| Advertising on internet            | Yes                                | Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images | No               |
|                                    |                                    | Complete ban on sponsorship  | No               |
| Ad Ban (                           | Compliance                         | Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual                                   | No               |
|                                    | 90%                                | Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals | No               |