Micronesia (Federated States of)



How many people die from smoking in Federated States of Micronesia each year?

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in **Federated States of Micronesia each year?**

Not Available

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Federated States of Micronesia

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Federated States of Micronesia. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Federated States of Micronesia as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Federated States of Micronesia

15+ years old; 2019

Men Women

62.2% 36.4%

Adult smoking prevalence in Federated States of Micronesia is 49%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Federated States of

Micronesia

15+ years old; 2019

Men Women 23,269 13,254

Number of adult smokers in Federated States of Micronesia is 36,524.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Federated States of Micronesia

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

39.5%

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Federated States of

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2019

Both Men and Women

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Federated States of Micronesia is 13%

Youth smoking prevalence in Federated States of Micronesia is 32%.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Federated States of Micronesia

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2019

Men

Women

24%

16,4%

21% of all deaths in Federated States of Micronesia are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Federated States of Micronesia

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Federated States of Micronesia, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The global economic cost of smoking is estimated at around \$US 1.85 trillion, or around 1.8% of global GDP. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Federated States of Micronesia, a smoker must spend 9.73% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Federated States of Micronesia.

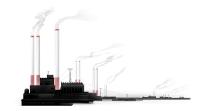


Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Federated States of Micronesia

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Federated States of Micronesia.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 336 billion in 2019, about the same as Viet Nam's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Ghana's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



Tobacco Growing

Federated States of Micronesia is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 3.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2021 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Federated States of Micronesia

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save goverments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Federated States of Micronesia

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Federated States of Micronesia



Yes Educational

Facilities













Pubs and

Bars



Transport





Indoor Public Places

Enforcement

Availability of Cessation Services in Federated States of Micronesia

Quitting Resources

NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)

National Quit Line



Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Federated States of Micronesia

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

✓ None

Text warning label only Graphic warning label only Plain Packaging with graphic warning label % of Pack Covered



Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Federated States of Micronesia

Pre-Tested With The Target Audience Not Applicable Target Audience Research Was Conducted Not Applicable Aired On Television And/Or Radio Not Applicable Utilized Media Planning Not Applicable Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	No
Target Audience Research Was Conducted Not Applicable Aired On Television And/Or Radio Not Applicable Utilized Media Planning Not Applicable Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not Applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio Not Applicable Utilized Media Planning Not Applicable Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not Applicable
Utilized Media Planning Not Applicable	Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not Applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not Applicable
Campaign Not Applicable Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Utilized Media Planning	Not Applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation Not Applicable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not Applicable
	Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not Applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness Not Applicable	Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not Applicable

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Federated States of Micronesia

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobaccononomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Cigarette Price

using tobacco.

Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit

Change in Affordability Over Time

In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.

Tax Share of Price

Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.

Tax Structure

Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

Learn more about the Scorecard in Federated States of Micronesia.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Federated States of Micronesia

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	3 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	0 out of 10 indirect bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or throug	h other means No
International TV and radio	No	Promotional discounts	No
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified v names	vith tobacco brand No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Brand name of non-tobacco produ product	cts used for tobacco No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: to placement)	bacco brands (product No
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: to	bacco products No
Advertising on internet	No	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads requi entertainment media product that products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financia any event, activity or individual	l or other support) to No
5	50%	Ban on the publicity of financial or support by the tobacco industry or individuals	