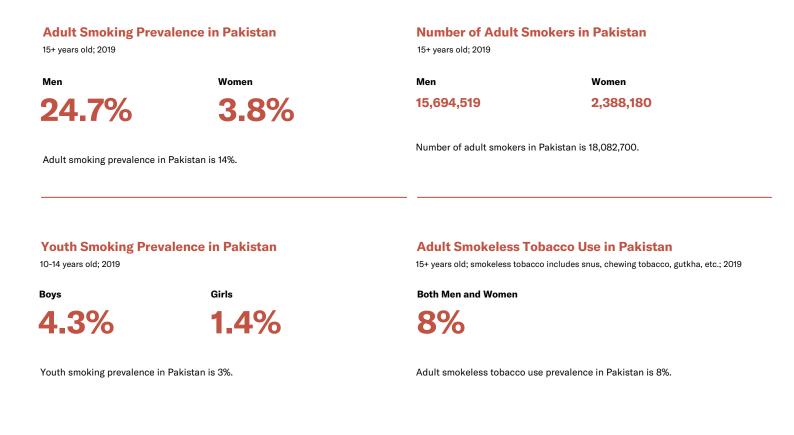
Pakistan



Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Pakistan

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Pakistan. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Pakistan as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.



Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Pakistan

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2019

Men

16%



Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

11% of all deaths in Pakistan are caused by tobacco use.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Pakistan

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Pakistan, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Pakistan is 375,839,784,960 Pakistan rupees. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Pakistan, a smoker must spend 4.00% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 13,305 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Pakistan each year, equal to 3,802 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and vouth in Pakistan.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Pakistan

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Pakistan.



Tobacco Production There were approximately 69 billion cigarettes produced in Pakistan in 2016.





Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 336 billion in 2019, about the same as Viet Nam's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Ghana's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing There were 104355 tons of tobacco produced in Pakistan in 2019 on 44877 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Pakistan

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Pakistan

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Pakistan



THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Pakistan

Availability of Cessation Services in Pakistan

Quitting Resources NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of

which is cost-covered)

National Quit Line



Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Pakistan

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

None

Text warning label only

 \checkmark Graphic warning label only

Plain Packaging with graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered

60%

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Pakistan

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Yes
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not Available
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not Available

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Tobacco Tax Policies in Pakistan

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobaccononomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the Scorecard in Pakistan.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Pakistan

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	6 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans 4	out of 10 indirect bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through othe	r means Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with to names	bacco brand No
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products us product	ed for tobacco No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco placement)	brands (product Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco	products Yes
Advertising on internet	No	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required fo entertainment media product that depic products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	Νο
Ad Ban Compliance	-	Any form of contribution (financial or ot any event, activity or individual	her support) to No
8	85% Ban on the pub support by the individuals		sponsorship or No s, activities,