## **Democratic Republic of the Congo**



How many people die from smoking in Democratic Republic of the Congo each year?

15,232

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in **Democratic Republic of the Congo each year?** 

409,530,149,626

## Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Democratic Republic of the Congo

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Democratic Republic of the Congo. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Democratic Republic of the Congo as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

## **Adult Smoking Prevalence in Democratic Republic of the** Congo

15+ years old; 2022

Men

16.4%

Women

Adult smoking prevalence in Democratic Republic of the Congo is 8.3%.

### **Number of Adult Smokers in Democratic Republic of the** Congo

15+ years old; 2022

Men Women 4,752,953 176,196

Number of adult smokers in Democratic Republic of the Congo is 4,842,840.

## **Youth Smoking Prevalence in Democratic Republic of the** Congo

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

**Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Democratic Republic** of the Congo

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

**Both Men and Women** 

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Democratic Republic of the Congo is N/A.

Youth smoking prevalence in Democratic Republic of the Congo is 4%.

# **Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Democratic Republic of the Congo**

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

Women

3.1%

1.0%

2.2% of all deaths in Democratic Republic of the Congo are caused by tobaccouse.

## Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

## **Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Democratic Republic of the Congo**

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Democratic Republic of the Congo, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



#### **Societal Harms**

The economic cost of smoking Democratic Republic of the Congo is 409,530,149,626 Congolese franc. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



#### **Harms Development**

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Democratic Republic of the Congo, a smoker must spend 7.5% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



#### **Environmental Harms**

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



#### **Harms Health Equity**

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Democratic Republic of the Congo.



#### Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

## Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Democratic Republic of the Congo

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Democratic Republic of the Congo.



#### **Tobacco Production**

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



#### **Tobacco Industry**

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



#### **Tobacco Growing**

There were 3,575 tons of tobacco produced in Democratic Republic of the Congo in 2022 on 7,622 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

## **Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Democratic Republic of the Congo**

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save goverments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

#### **Current Tobacco Control Policies in Democratic Republic of the Congo**

#### **Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Democratic Republic of the Congo**





**Facilities** 





**Facilities** 



Offices







**Transport** 





**Enforcement** 

Public Places

Indoor

Availability of Cessation Services in Democratic Republic of the Congo

Quitting Resources

**National Quit Line** 

No

## Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Democratic Republic of the Congo** 

**Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation** 

None

✓ Text warning label only
Graphic warning label only

Plain Packaging with graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered

**50%** 

### Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Democratic Republic of the Congo

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	No
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not applicable
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not applicable
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not applicable
Utilized Media Planning	Not applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Not applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

## **Tobacco Tax Policies in Democratic Republic of the Congo**

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobaccononomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

**Overall Score Cigarette Price Change in Affordability Tax Share of Price Tax Structure Over Time** 1.50 2.00 0.00 In addition to price, change Consumers respond to higher Large tax shares of price are Best practices include relying The overall score is an prices by decreasing in affordability is critical. usually a good indicator that more on uniform specific average of the four taxes are working. consumption and some quit Cigarettes need to become excise taxes that are component scores. using tobacco. less affordable for adjusted regularly to outpace consumption to decline. growth and inflation.

Learn more about the Scorecard in Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Democratic Republic of the Congo

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	7 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans 8 out of 10 direct	bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	No
		Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
10	00%	Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes