

# Gabon



How many people die from smoking in Gabon each year?

**501**

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Gabon each year?

**31,918,441,647**

CFA francs

## Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Gabon

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Gabon. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Gabon as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

### Adult Smoking Prevalence in Gabon

15+ years old; 2019

Men

**21.9%**

Women

**3.6%**

Adult smoking prevalence in Gabon is 12%.

### Number of Adult Smokers in Gabon

15+ years old; 2019

Men

**128,158**

Women

**23,414**

Number of adult smokers in Gabon is 151,572.

### Youth Smoking Prevalence in Gabon

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

**7.7%**

Girls

**5%**

Youth smoking prevalence in Gabon is 6%.

### Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Gabon

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

Both Men and Women

**N/A**

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Gabon is N/A.

## Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Gabon

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

**4.8%**

Women

**1.2%**

3.2% of all deaths in Gabon are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.**

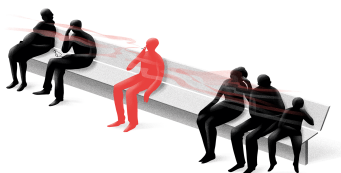
## Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Gabon

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Gabon, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



### Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Gabon is 31,918,441,647 CFA francs. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



### Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Gabon, a smoker must spend 1.6% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



### Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



### Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Gabon.



### Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

## Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Gabon

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Gabon.



### Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



### Tobacco Growing

Gabon is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.



### Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

## Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Gabon

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

### Current Tobacco Control Policies in Gabon

#### Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Gabon

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	N/A	Yes
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

**Availability of Cessation Services in Gabon**

Quitting Resources  
None

National Quit Line  
**No**

Learn more about best practices in [Cessation](#).

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Gabon**

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation  
None  
 ✓ Text warning label only  
 Text warning label with graphic warning label  
 Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered  
**63%**

Learn more about best practices in [Counter Marketing](#).

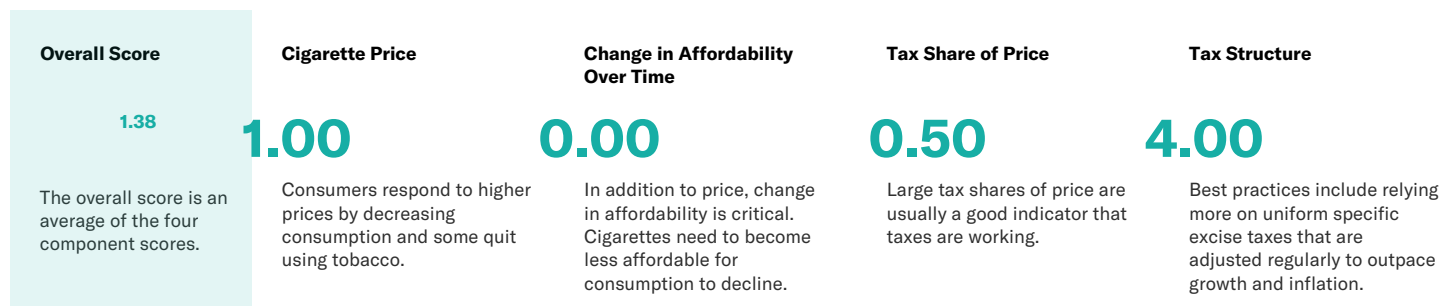
**Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Gabon**

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	No
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	No
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	No

Learn more about best practices in [Mass Media](#).

## Tobacco Tax Policies in Gabon

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacco Economics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Gabon](#).

### Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Gabon

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	6 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	3 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	No
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	No
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	No

### Ad Ban Compliance

75%