

Cabo Verde



How many people die from smoking in Cape Verde each year?

137

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Cape Verde each year?

662,506,287

Cabo Verde escudos

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Cape Verde

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Cape Verde. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Cape Verde as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Cape Verde

15+ years old; 2022

Men

12.2%

Women

2.7%

Adult smoking prevalence in Cape Verde is 7.4%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Cape Verde

15+ years old; 2022

Men

25,501

Women

6,117

Number of adult smokers in Cape Verde is 32,232.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Cape Verde

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

3.1%

Girls

1.8%

Youth smoking prevalence in Cape Verde is 2%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Cape Verde

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2007

Both Men and Women

5%

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Cape Verde is 5%.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Cape Verde

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

5.2%

Women

1.8%

3.8% of all deaths in Cape Verde are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence**,
Youth Smoking and Deaths.

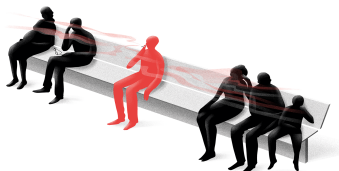
Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Cape Verde

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Cape Verde, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Cape Verde is 662,506,287 Cabo Verde escudos. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Cape Verde, a smoker must spend 8.0% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Cape Verde.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Cape Verde

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Cape Verde.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



Tobacco Growing

Cape Verde is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Cape Verde

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Cape Verde

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Cape Verde

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	N/A	Yes
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

Availability of Cessation Services in Cape Verde

Quitting Resources
 NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)

National Quit Line
Yes

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Cape Verde

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation
 None
 ✓ Text warning label only
 Text warning label with graphic warning label
 Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered
75%

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Cape Verde

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	No
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not applicable
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not applicable
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not applicable
Utilized Media Planning	Not applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Not applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Cape Verde

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Cape Verde](#).

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Cape Verde

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	7 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	7 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	Yes
<div style="background-color: #e0f2f1; padding: 20px; text-align: center;"> <h3>Ad Ban Compliance</h3> <p>N/A</p> </div>		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes