

Colombia



How many people die from smoking in Colombia each year?

13,226

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Colombia each year?

4,527,530,296,404

Colombian pesos

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Colombia

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Colombia. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Colombia as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Colombia

15+ years old; 2022

Men

12.1%

Women

4.5%

Adult smoking prevalence in Colombia is 8.2%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Colombia

15+ years old; 2022

Men

2,213,443

Women

884,202

Number of adult smokers in Colombia is 3,111,232.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Colombia

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

4%

Girls

3.9%

Youth smoking prevalence in Colombia is 4%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Colombia

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2019

Both Men and Women

N/A

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Colombia is N/A.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Colombia

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

4.6%

Women

2.6%

3.7% of all deaths in Colombia are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.**

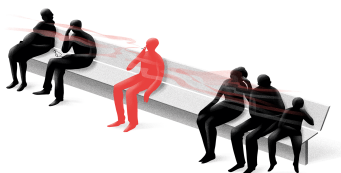
Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Colombia

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Colombia, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Colombia is 4,527,530,296,404 Colombian pesos. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Colombia, a smoker must spend 2.7% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 2,318 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Colombia each year, equal to 662 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Colombia.



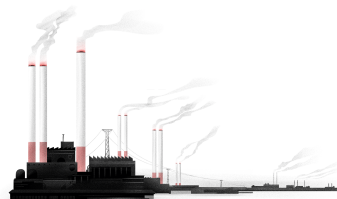
Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Colombia

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Colombia.



Tobacco Production

There were approximately 7,200,000 cigarettes produced in Colombia in 2023.



Tobacco Growing

There were 4,238 tons of tobacco produced in Colombia in 2022 on 2,312 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Colombia

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Colombia

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Colombia

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	No
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

Availability of Cessation Services in Colombia

Quitting Resources
 NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)

National Quit Line
No

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Colombia

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation
 None
 Text warning label only
 ✓ Text warning label with graphic warning label
 Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered
30%

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Colombia

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	No
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not applicable
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not applicable
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not applicable
Utilized Media Planning	Not applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Not applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Colombia

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Colombia](#).

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Colombia

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans

7 out of 7 direct bans implemented

National TV and radio	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes

Indirect Bans

7 out of 10 indirect bans implemented

Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
Promotional discounts	Yes
Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	N/A
Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes

Ad Ban Compliance

57%