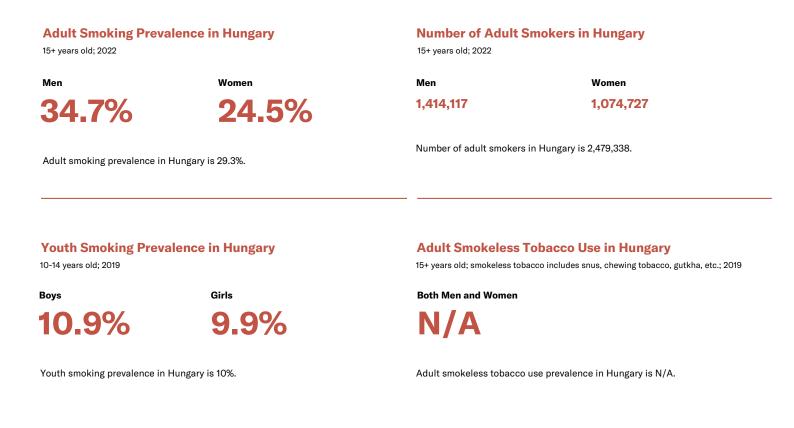
Hungary



Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Hungary

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Hungary. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Hungary as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.



Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Hungary

11.0% of all deaths in Hungary are caused by tobacco use.

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

15.5%



Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Hungary

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Hungary, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Hungary is 1,719,945,674,694 forints. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Hungary, a smoker must spend 3.2% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 93 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Hungary each year, equal to 34 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Hungary.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

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Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Hungary

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Hungary.



Tobacco Production There were approximately 463,600,000 cigarettes produced in Hungary in 2023.





Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing There were 3,680 tons of tobacco produced in Hungary in 2022 on 2,830 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Hungary

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Hungary

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Hungary



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Hungary

Availability of Cessation Services in Hungary

Quitting Resources

NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)

National Quit Line



Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Hungary

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

Text warning label with graphic warning label **V Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label**

None

Text warning label only

% of Pack Covered

65%

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Hungary

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	No
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	No
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Yes

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

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Tobacco Tax Policies in Hungary

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the Scorecard in Hungary.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Hungary

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	5 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	5 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through o	other means Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	apers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified wit names	h tobacco brand Yes
International magazines and newspa	apers No	Brand name of non-tobacco product product	s used for tobacco Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: toba placement)	cco brands (product Yes
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: toba	cco products No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads require entertainment media product that de products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Ad Ban Compliance	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial o any event, activity or individual	r other support) to No
ſ	N/A	Ban on the publicity of financial or o support by the tobacco industry of e individuals	