

Iran (Islamic Republic of)



How many people die from smoking in Iran each year?

34,676

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Iran each year?

323,176,593,090,456

Iranian rials

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Iran

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Iran. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Iran as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Iran

15+ years old; 2022

Men

17.8%

Women

1.1%

Adult smoking prevalence in Iran is 9.5%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Iran

15+ years old; 2022

Men

5,952,944

Women

359,880

Number of adult smokers in Iran is 6,285,191.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Iran

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

12.2%

Girls

4.2%

Youth smoking prevalence in Iran is 8%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Iran

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

Both Men and Women

N/A

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Iran is N/A.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Iran

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

8.3%

Women

2.7%

6.1% of all deaths in Iran are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.**

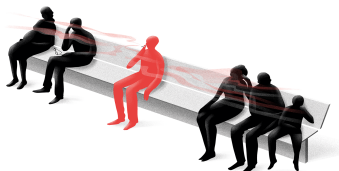
Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Iran

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Iran, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Iran is 323,176,593,090,456 Iranian rials. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Iran, a smoker must spend 2.1% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Iran.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Iran

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Iran.



Tobacco Production

There were approximately 45 billion cigarettes produced in Iran in 2016.



Tobacco Growing

There were 21,497 tons of tobacco produced in Iran in 2022 on 10,598 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Iran

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Iran

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Iran

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

Availability of Cessation Services in Iran

Quitting Resources
National quit line, and both NRT and some cessation services cost-covered

National Quit Line
Yes

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Iran

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation
None
Text warning label only
✓Text warning label with graphic warning label
Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered
50%

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

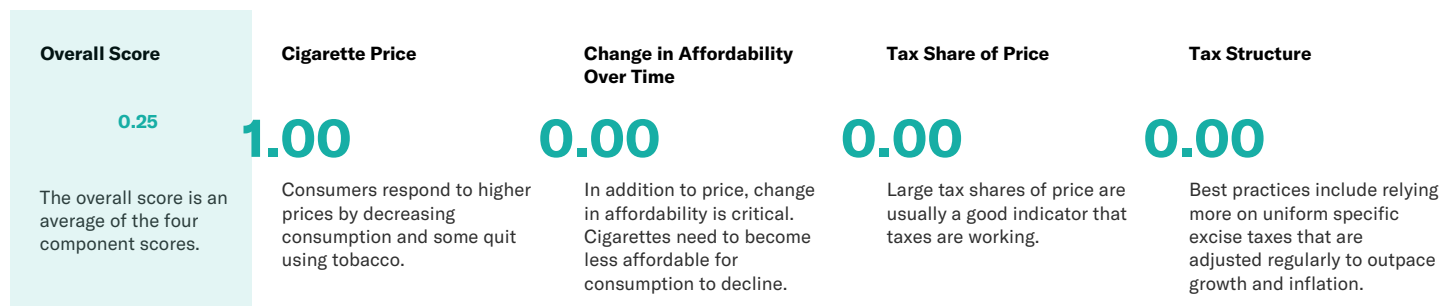
Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Iran

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	No
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	No
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	No

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Iran

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Iran](#).

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Iran

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans

7 out of 7 direct bans implemented

National TV and radio	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes

Indirect Bans

9 out of 10 indirect bans implemented

Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
Promotional discounts	Yes
Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	N/A
Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes

Ad Ban Compliance

100%