## **Russian Federation**



How many people die from smoking in Russian Federation each year?

224,008

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Russian Federation each year?

4,359,653,694,976

Russian rubles

### **Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Russian Federation**

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Russian Federation. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Russian Federation as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

#### **Adult Smoking Prevalence in Russian Federation**

15+ years old; 2022

Man

42.0%

Women

14.8%

Adult smoking prevalence in Russian Federation is 27.1%.

#### **Number of Adult Smokers in Russian Federation**

15+ years old; 2022

Men Women

22,539,907 9,508,580

Number of adult smokers in Russian Federation is 31,954,587.

### **Youth Smoking Prevalence in Russian Federation**

10-14 years old; 2019

Boys

Girls

9.8%

6.2%

Youth smoking prevalence in Russian Federation is 8%.

### **Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Russian Federation**

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2022

**Both Men and Women** 

0%

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Russian Federation is 0%.

### **Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Russian Federation**

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

Womer

16.6%

2.7%

9.3% of all deaths in Russian Federation are caused by tobacco use.

# Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

### **Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Russian Federation**

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Russian Federation, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



#### **Societal Harms**

The economic cost of smoking Russian Federation is 4,359,653,694,976 Russian rubles. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



#### **Harms Development**

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Russian Federation, a smoker must spend 1.7% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



#### **Environmental Harms**

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 40,208 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Russian Federation each year, equal to 14,892 female African elephants.



### **Harms Health Equity**

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Russian Federation.



### **Harms NCDs**

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

### **Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Russian Federation**

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Russian Federation.



#### **Tobacco Production**

There were approximately 201,040,000,000 cigarettes produced in Russian Federation in 2023.



#### **Tobacco Industry**

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



#### **Tobacco Growing**

There were 2 tons of tobacco produced in Russian Federation in 2022 on 3 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

### **Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Russian Federation**

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

#### **Current Tobacco Control Policies in Russian Federation**

Yes

### **Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Russian Federation**

















Pubs and



Public Transport



All Other Indoor Public Places



Funds for Enforcement

**Availability of Cessation Services** in Russian Federation

**Quitting Resources** 

NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)

**National Quit Line** 



### Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Russian Federation** 

**Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation** 

None

Text warning label only

✓Text warning label with graphic warning label
Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered

**50%** 

### Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

# **Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Russian Federation**

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Yes
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Yes

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

### **Tobacco Tax Policies in Russian Federation**

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score	Cigarette Price	Change in Affordability Over Time	Tax Share of Price	Tax Structure
2.13	2.00	0.00	2.50	4.00
The overall score is an average of the four component scores.	Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco.	In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.	Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.	Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

### Learn more about the Scorecard in Russian Federation.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Russian Federation

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	7 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans 10 out of 10 direct b	ans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspap	pers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspap	pers Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	Yes
		Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
7	8%	Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes