# **Guinea-Bissau**



How many people die from smoking in Guinea-Bissau each year?

371

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Guinea-Bissau each year?

4,126,727,378

CFA francs

# **Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Guinea-Bissau**

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Guinea-Bissau. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Guinea-Bissau as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

### **Adult Smoking Prevalence in Guinea-Bissau**

15+ years old; 2022

en Women

14.5% 0.4%

Adult smoking prevalence in Guinea-Bissau is 7.3%.

#### **Number of Adult Smokers in Guinea-Bissau**

15+ years old; 2022

Men Women 80.472 2.422

Number of adult smokers in Guinea-Bissau is 84,724.

## **Youth Smoking Prevalence in Guinea-Bissau**

10-14 years old; 2022

Boys Girls

3.8% 2.1%

Youth smoking prevalence in Guinea-Bissau is 2.9%.

## **Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Guinea-Bissau**

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

**Both Men and Women** 

N/A

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Guinea-Bissau is N/A.

## **Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Guinea-Bissau**

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

Women

2.9%

0.9%

2.0% of all deaths in Guinea-Bissau are caused by tobacco use.

# Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

# **Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Guinea-Bissau**

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Guinea-Bissau, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



#### **Societal Harms**

The economic cost of smoking Guinea-Bissau is 4,126,727,378 CFA francs. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



## **Harms Development**

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Guinea-Bissau, a smoker must spend 7.5% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



#### **Environmental Harms**

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



## **Harms Health Equity**

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Guinea-Bissau.



## **Harms NCDs**

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

**Learn more about Health Effects.** 

# Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Guinea-Bissau

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Guinea-Bissau.



## **Tobacco Production**

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



#### **Tobacco Industry**

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



#### **Tobacco Growing**

Guinea-Bissau is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

# **Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Guinea-Bissau**

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

#### **Current Tobacco Control Policies in Guinea-Bissau**

### **Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Guinea-Bissau**









Universities Governme Facilities



No

Government Indoor
Facilities Offices

No



Restaurants

No

Pubs and Bars No

Public Transport N/A

All Other Indoor Public

Places



Funds for Enforcement **Availability of Cessation Services** in Guinea-Bissau

Quitting Resources

**National Quit Line** 

No

Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Guinea-Bissau** 

**Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation** 

✓ None

Text warning label only
Text warning label with graphic warning label
Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered

Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

**Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Guinea-Bissau** 

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	No
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not applicable
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not applicable
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not applicable
Utilized Media Planning	Not applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Not applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

## **Tobacco Tax Policies in Guinea-Bissau**

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score	Cigarette Price	Change in Affordability Over Time	Tax Share of Price	Tax Structure
0.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00
The overall score is an average of the four component scores.	Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco.	In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.	Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.	Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

## Learn more about the Scorecard in Guinea-Bissau.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Guinea-Bissau

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	0 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans 0 out of 10 direct	bans implemented
National TV and radio	No	Free distribution in mail or through other means	No
International TV and radio	No	Promotional discounts	No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	No
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	No	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	No
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Ad Ban Compliance		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
Λ	N/A	Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	No