

Guyana



How many people die from smoking in Guyana each year?

311

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Guyana each year?

9,145,855,715

Guyana dollars

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Guyana

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Guyana. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Guyana as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Guyana

15+ years old; 2022

Men	Women
19.3%	2.2%

Adult smoking prevalence in Guyana is 10.4%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Guyana

15+ years old; 2022

Men	Women
59,201	6,478

Number of adult smokers in Guyana is 62,524.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Guyana

10-14 years old; 2022

Boys	Girls
12.8%	6.2%

Youth smoking prevalence in Guyana is 9.5%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Guyana

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

Both Men and Women
N/A

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Guyana is N/A.

### Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Guyana

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

4.7%

Women

2.1%

3.6% of all deaths in Guyana are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence**,  
**Youth Smoking** and **Deaths**.

### Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Guyana

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Guyana, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



#### Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Guyana is 9,145,855,715 Guyana dollars. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



#### Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Guyana, a smoker must spend 1.2% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



#### Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



#### Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Guyana.



#### Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects**.

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Guyana

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Guyana.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing

There were 100 tons of tobacco produced in Guyana in 2022 on 124 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Guyana

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Guyana

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Guyana

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	No
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

**Availability of Cessation Services  
in Guyana**

**Quitting Resources**  
NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some  
cessation services (neither cost-covered)

**National Quit Line**  
**No**

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in  
Guyana**

**Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation**  
None  
Text warning label only  
✓Text warning label with graphic warning label  
Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

**% of Pack Covered**  
**60%**

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

**Tobacco Control Mass Media  
Campaigns in Guyana**

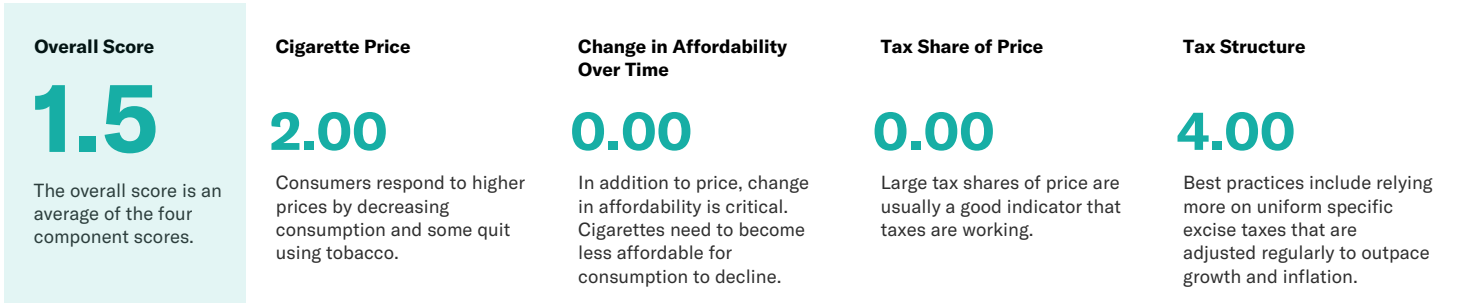
<b>Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign</b>	<b>No</b>
<b>Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program</b>	Not applicable
<b>Pre-Tested With The Target Audience</b>	Not applicable
<b>Target Audience Research Was Conducted</b>	Not applicable
<b>Aired On Television And/Or Radio</b>	Not applicable
<b>Utilized Media Planning</b>	Not applicable
<b>Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign</b>	Not applicable
<b>Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation</b>	Not applicable
<b>Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness</b>	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.



Tobacco Tax Policies in Guyana

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Guyana](#).

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Guyana

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	7 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	9 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	N/A
Ad Ban Compliance 50%		Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes