Morocco



How many people die from smoking in Morocco each year?

21,574

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Morocco each year?

9,063,259,227

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Morocco

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Morocco. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Morocco as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Morocco

15+ years old; 2022

25.3%

Women

Adult smoking prevalence in Morocco is 13.1%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Morocco

15+ years old; 2022

Men Women 3,388,702

Number of adult smokers in Morocco is 3,545,269.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Morocco

10-14 years old; 2022

2.4%

Youth smoking prevalence in Morocco is 3.4%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Morocco

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A

136,690

Both Men and Women

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Morocco is N/A.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Morocco

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

Womer

10.9%

3.5%

7.5% of all deaths in Morocco are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Morocco

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Morocco, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Morocco is 9,063,259,227 Moroccan dirhams. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Morocco, a smoker must spend 6.7% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,640 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Morocco each year, equal to 608 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Morocco.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Morocco

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Morocco.



Tobacco Production

There were approximately 8,202,000,000 cigarettes produced in Morocco in 2023.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



Tobacco Growing

There were 1,274 tons of tobacco produced in Morocco in 2022 on 466 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Morocco

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Morocco

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Morocco



Availability of Cessation Services in Morocco

Quitting Resources

NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)

National Quit Line

No

Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Morocco

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

None

√Text warning label only

Text warning label with graphic warning label Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label % of Pack Covered

Not specified

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Morocco

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Yes
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Yes

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Morocco

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score	Cigarette Price	Change in Affordability Over Time	Tax Share of Price	Tax Structure
2.25	2.00	0.00	4.00	3.00
The overall score is a average of the four component scores.	Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco.	In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.	Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.	,

Learn more about the Scorecard in Morocco.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Morocco

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	3 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	3 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through oth	er means Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	apers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with names	cobacco brand No
International magazines and newspa	apers No	Brand name of non-tobacco products of products	ised for tobacco No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacc placement)	o brands (product Yes
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacc	o products No
Advertising on internet	No	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required to entertainment media product that dep products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Ad Ban (Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial or on any event, activity or individual	other support) to No
7	73%	Ban on the publicity of financial or oth support by the tobacco industry of eve individuals	