Russian Federation



Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Russian Federation

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Russian Federation. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Russian Federation as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prev 15+ years old; 2022	valence in Russian Federation	Number of Adult Sn 15+ years old; 2022	nokers in Russian Federation	
Men	Women	Men	Women	
42.0%	14.8%	22,539,907	9,508,580	
Adult smoking prevalence	n Russian Federation is 27.1%.	Number of adult smokers in	Russian Federation is 31,954,587.	
Youth Smoking Prev 10-14 years old; 2022	Youth Smoking Prevalence in Russian Federation 10-14 years old; 2022		Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Russian Federation 15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2022	
Boys	Girls	Both Men and Women		
3.2%	2.0%	0%		
Youth smoking prevalence in Russian Federation is 2.6%.		Adult smokeless tobacco us	Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Russian Federation is 0%.	

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Russian Federation

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men





Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

9.3% of all deaths in Russian Federation are caused by tobacco use.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Russian Federation

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Russian Federation, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Russian Federation is 4,359,653,694,976 Russian rubles. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Russian Federation, a smoker must spend 1.7% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 40,208 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Russian Federation each year, equal to 14,892 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and vouth in Russian Federation.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

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Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Russian Federation

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Russian Federation.



Tobacco Production There were approximately 201,040,000,000 cigarettes produced in Russian Federation in 2023.





Tobacco Industry The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing There were 2 tons of tobacco produced in Russian Federation in 2022 on 3 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Russian Federation

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Russian Federation

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Russian Federation



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Russian Federation

Availability of Cessation Services in Russian Federation

Quitting Resources

NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)

National Quit Line



Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Russian Federation

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

✓ Text warning label with graphic warning label Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

None

Text warning label only

% of Pack Covered

50%

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Russian Federation

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Yes
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Yes

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Tobacco Tax Policies in Russian Federation

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the Scorecard in Russian Federation.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Russian Federation

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	7 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans 10 out of 10 direct b	ans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	apers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspa	apers Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	Yes
		Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
Ad Ban Compliance		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
7	78%	Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes