

Czechia



How many people die from smoking in Czech Republic each year?
15,764

What is the economic cost of smoking and tobacco use in Czech Republic each year?
156,634,805,963
Czech korunas

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Czech Republic

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Czech Republic. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Czech Republic as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Czech Republic
15+ years old; 2022

Men	Women
31.7%	23.3%

Adult smoking prevalence in Czech Republic is 27.4%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Czech Republic
15+ years old; 2022

Men	Women
1,408,984	1,084,814

Number of adult smokers in Czech Republic is 2,493,563.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Czech Republic
10-14 years old; 2022

Boys	Girls
7.3%	7.2%

Youth smoking prevalence in Czech Republic is 7.2%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Czech Republic
15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2021

Both Men and Women
3%

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Czech Republic is 3%.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Czech Republic

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men

15.1%

Women

7.2%

11.4% of all deaths in Czech Republic are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence,
Youth Smoking and **Deaths**.**

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Czech Republic

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Czech Republic, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.

**Societal Harms**

The economic cost of smoking Czech Republic is 156,634,805,963 Czech korunas. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.

**Harms Development**

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Czech Republic, a smoker must spend 2.0% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.

**Environmental Harms**

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 7,113 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Czech Republic each year, equal to 2,634 female African elephants.

**Harms Health Equity**

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Czech Republic.

**Harms NCDs**

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Czech Republic

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Czech Republic.



Tobacco Industry
The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.



Tobacco Production
There were approximately 35,565,000,000 cigarettes produced in Czech Republic in 2023.



Tobacco Growing
Czech Republic is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Czech Republic

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Czech Republic

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Czech Republic

Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	N/A	No
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

**Availability of Cessation Services
in Czech Republic****Quitting Resources**

National quit line, and both NRT and some cessation
services cost-covered

National Quit Line**Yes**

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in
Czech Republic****Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation**

None

Text warning label only

✓Text warning label with graphic warning label

Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered**65%**

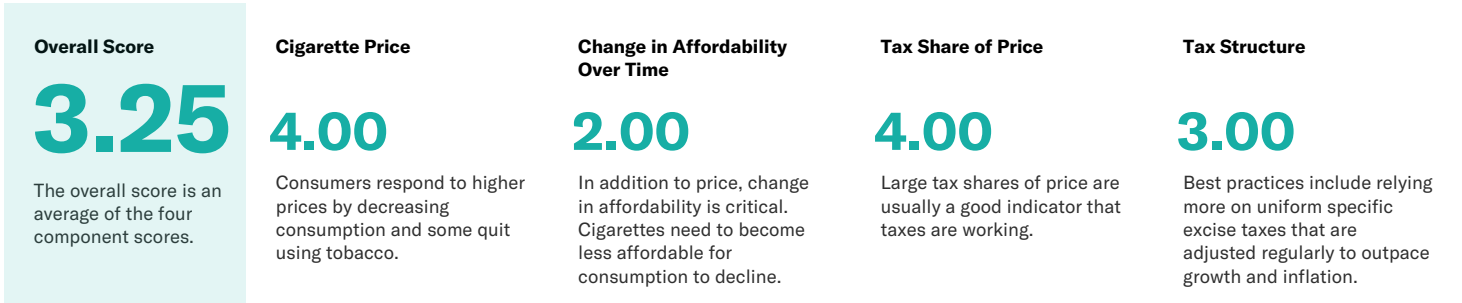
Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

**Tobacco Control Mass Media
Campaigns in Czech Republic****Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign****Yes****Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program****Yes****Pre-Tested With The Target Audience****No****Target Audience Research Was Conducted****Yes****Aired On Television And/Or Radio****No****Utilized Media Planning****Yes****Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The
Campaign****No****Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation****No****Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness****Yes**

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

Tobacco Tax Policies in Czech Republic

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the Scorecard in Czech Republic.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Czech Republic

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	5 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	3 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	No
International magazines and newspapers	No	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	No
Ad Ban Compliance 88%		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	No