Equatorial Guinea

Youth smoking prevalence in Equatorial Guinea is 7.0%.



Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Equatorial Guinea

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Equatorial Guinea. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Equatorial Guinea as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Equatorial Guinea 15+ years old; 2019		Number of Adult Smokers in Equatorial Guinea 15+ years old; 2019	
Men	Women	Men	Women
27.5%	2.5%	125,603	11,629
Adult smoking prevalence in Equatorial Guinea is 15%.		Number of adult smokers in Equatorial Guinea is 137,232.	
Youth Smoking Prevalence in Equatorial Guinea		Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Equatorial Guinea 15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; N/A	
Boys	Girls	Both Men and Women	
8.7%	5.2%	N/A	

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Equatorial Guinea is N/A.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Equatorial Guinea

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men





Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

2.5% of all deaths in Equatorial Guinea are caused by tobacco use.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Equatorial Guinea

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Equatorial Guinea, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Equatorial Guinea is 19,357,825,303 CFA francs. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Equatorial Guinea, a smoker must spend 0.8% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and vouth in Equatorial Guinea.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

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Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Equatorial Guinea

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Equatorial Guinea.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.





Tobacco Industry The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing

Equatorial Guinea is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Equatorial Guinea

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Equatorial Guinea

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Equatorial Guinea



THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Equatorial Guinea

Availability of Cessation Services in Equatorial Guinea

Quitting Resources

National Quit Line

No

Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Equatorial Guinea

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

√None

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign

Text warning label only Text warning label with graphic warning label Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label % of Pack Covered Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Equatorial Guinea

Kan a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Νο
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Not applicable
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	Not applicable
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Not applicable
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Not applicable
Utilized Media Planning	Not applicable
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Not applicable
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Not applicable
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

THE TOBACCO ATLAS

Tobacco Tax Policies in Equatorial Guinea

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score

The overall score is an

average of the four

component scores.

Cigarette Price

0.00

Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco. Change in Affordability Over Time

0.00

In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline. Tax Share of Price

Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working. **Tax Structure**

2.00 Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are

adjusted regularly to outpace

growth and inflation.

Learn more about the Scorecard in Equatorial Guinea.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Equatorial Guinea

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	O out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	0 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	No	Free distribution in mail or through	o other means No
International TV and radio	No	Promotional discounts	No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Non-tobacco products identified w names	rith tobacco brand No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Brand name of non-tobacco product	cts used for tobacco No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tol placement)	bacco brands (product No
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: to	pacco products No
Advertising on internet No		Prescribed anti-tobacco ads requin entertainment media product that products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Ad Ban C	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial any event, activity or individual	or other support) to No
Ν	J/A	Ban on the publicity of financial or support by the tobacco industry of individuals	

Citation: Drope J, Hamill S, editors. 2025. Country profile: Equatorial Guinea. In The Tobacco Atlas. New York: Vital Strategies and Economics for Health