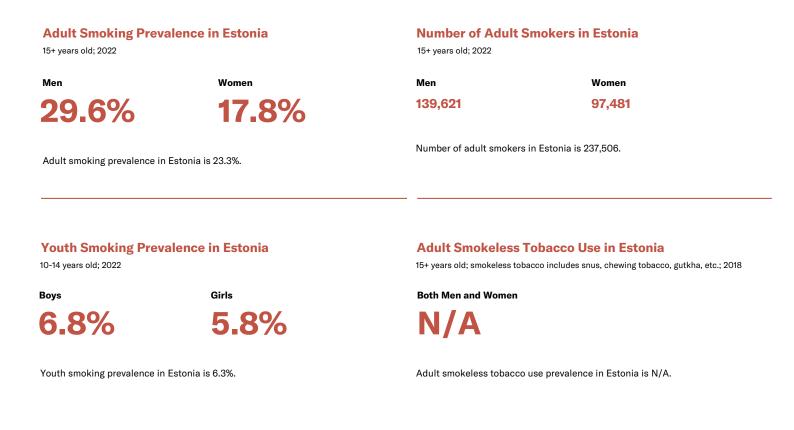
Estonia



Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Estonia

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Estonia. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Estonia as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.



Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Estonia

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2021

Men



7.2% of all deaths in Estonia are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Estonia

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Estonia, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The economic cost of smoking Estonia is 582,757,494 euros. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Estonia, a smoker must spend 1.6% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 309 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Estonia each year, equal to 88 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and vouth in Estonia.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

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Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Estonia

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Estonia.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



Tobacco Industry The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 362 billion in 2022, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing

Estonia is not a major producer of tobacco, but globally there were 4.1 million hectares of arable land dedicated to tobacco growing in 2022 which was nearly as much as the land dedicated to the world's large orange crop.

Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Estonia

Fortunately, there are evidence-based -i.e. proven -solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Estonia

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Estonia



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Estonia

Availability of Cessation Services in Estonia

Quitting Resources

NRT (Nicotine replacement therapy) and/or some cessation services (neither cost-covered)

National Quit Line



Learn more about best practices in Cessation.

Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Estonia

Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation

✓ Text warning label with graphic warning label Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

None

Text warning label only

% of Pack Covered

65%

Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.

Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Estonia

Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign	Yes
Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program	Yes
Pre-Tested With The Target Audience	No
Target Audience Research Was Conducted	Yes
Aired On Television And/Or Radio	Yes
Utilized Media Planning	Yes
Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign	Yes
Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation	Yes
Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness	Yes

Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.

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Tobacco Tax Policies in Estonia

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Tobacconomics Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



The overall score is an

average of the four

component scores.

Cigarette Price

3.00

Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco. Change in Affordability Over Time

0.00

In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline. Tax Share of Price

5.00 Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that

taxes are working.

Tax Structure

4.00

Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

Learn more about the Scorecard in Estonia.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Estonia

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	6 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	2 out of 10 direct bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through	other means Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspa	pers Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with names	th tobacco brand No
International magazines and newspa	pers No	Brand name of non-tobacco product	ts used for tobacco No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: toba placement)	acco brands (product No
Advertising at point of sale	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: toba	acco products No
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads require entertainment media product that d products, use or images	
		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
Ad Ban Compliance	Compliance	Any form of contribution (financial any event, activity or individual	or other support) to No
ç	92%	Ban on the publicity of financial or o support by the tobacco industry of e individuals	

Citation: Drope J, Hamill S, editors. 2025. Country profile: Estonia. . In The Tobacco Atlas. New York: Vital Strategies and Economics for Health.