

## Argentina



How many people die from smoking in Argentina each year?

**34,205**

What is the annual cost-of-illness attributable to smoking in Argentina each year?

**518,372,384,093**

Argentine pesos

### Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Argentina

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Argentina. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Argentina as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

#### Adult Smoking Prevalence in Argentina

15+ years old; 2025

Men

**20.60%**

Women

**13.20%**

Adult smoking prevalence in Argentina is 16.90%.

#### Number of Adult Smokers in Argentina

15+ years old; 2022

Men

**4,814,000**

Women

**3,209,000**

Number of adult smokers in Argentina is 8,023,000.

#### Youth Smoking Prevalence in Argentina

10-14 years old; 2023

Boys

**11.15%**

Girls

**14.57%**

Youth smoking prevalence in Argentina is 12.84%.

#### Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Argentina

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2018

Both Men and Women

**NA**

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Argentina is NA.

## Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Argentina

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2023

Men

**11.89%**

Women

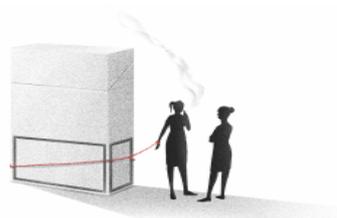
**6.38%**

9.16% of all deaths in Argentina are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global **Prevalence, Youth Smoking and Deaths.**

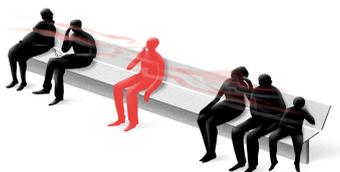
## Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Argentina

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Argentina, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



### Societal Harms

The annual cost-of-illness attributable to smoking in Argentina is 518,372,384,093 Argentine pesos. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



### Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty. On average in Argentina, a smoker must spend 2.22% of GDP per capita to buy 100 packs of the most popular cigarettes in a year.



### Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 6,534 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in Argentina each year, equal to 2,420 female African elephants.



### Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Argentina.



### Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about **Health Effects.**

## Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Argentina

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Argentina.



### Tobacco Production

There were approximately 32,156,000,000 cigarettes produced in Argentina in 2024.



### Tobacco Growing

There were 107,877 tons of tobacco produced in Argentina in 2023 on 52,998 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.



### Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 364 billion in 2023, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Learn more about global **Growing** and **Product Sales**.

## Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Argentina

Fortunately, there are evidence-based i.e. proven-solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

### Current Tobacco Control Policies in Argentina

#### Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Argentina

Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	NA
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

**Availability of Cessation Services in Argentina**

**Quitting Resources**  
 National quit line, and NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)

**National Quit Line**  
**Yes**

Learn more about best practices in **Cessation**.

**Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Argentina**

**Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation**  
 None  
 Text warning label only  
 ✓ Text warning label with graphic warning label  
 Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

**% of Pack Covered**  
**50%**

Learn more about best practices in **Counter Marketing**.

**Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Argentina**

<b>Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign</b>	Not applicable
<b>Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program</b>	Not applicable
<b>Pre-Tested With The Target Audience</b>	Not applicable
<b>Target Audience Research Was Conducted</b>	Not applicable
<b>Aired On Television And/Or Radio</b>	Not applicable
<b>Utilized Media Planning</b>	Not applicable
<b>Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign</b>	Not applicable
<b>Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation</b>	Not applicable
<b>Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness</b>	Not applicable

Learn more about best practices in **Mass Media**.

## Tobacco Tax Policies in Argentina

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the Economics for Health Cigarette Tax Scorecard assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.



Learn more about the [Scorecard in Argentina](#).

### Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Argentina

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	6 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	9 out of 10 indirect bans implemented
National TV and radio	Yes	Free distribution in mail or through other means	Yes
International TV and radio	Yes	Promotional discounts	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	Yes
International magazines and newspapers	Yes	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	Yes
Billboard and outdoor advertising	Yes	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	Yes
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	Yes
Advertising on internet	Yes	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	NA
<div style="background-color: #e0f2f1; padding: 20px; text-align: center;"> <h3>Ad Ban Compliance</h3> <p>92%</p> </div>		Complete ban on sponsorship	Yes
		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	Yes
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	Yes