

Democratic People's Republic of Korea



How many people die from smoking in Democratic People's Republic of Korea each year?

34,419

What is the annual cost-of-illness attributable to smoking in Democratic People's Republic of Korea each year?

NA

NA

Current Rates of Smoking and Tobacco Use in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Tobacco use continues to be an epidemic in Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Government complacency in the face of the tobacco epidemic protects the tobacco industry in Democratic People's Republic of Korea as the death toll grows each year. Proponents of healthier societies must push for the implementation of evidence-based best practices in tobacco control to create change and reduce the negative effects of tobacco use.

Adult Smoking Prevalence in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

15+ years old; 2025

Men
20.70%

Women
0.00%

Adult smoking prevalence in Democratic People's Republic of Korea is 10.30%.

Number of Adult Smokers in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

15+ years old; 2022

Men
3,557,000

Women
0

Number of adult smokers in Democratic People's Republic of Korea is 3,557,000.

Youth Smoking Prevalence in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

10-14 years old; 2023

Boys
2.31%

Girls
5.25%

Youth smoking prevalence in Democratic People's Republic of Korea is 3.76%.

Adult Smokeless Tobacco Use in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

15+ years old; smokeless tobacco includes snus, chewing tobacco, gutkha, etc.; 2017

Both Men and Women
0.00%

Adult smokeless tobacco use prevalence in Democratic People's Republic of Korea is 0.00%.

Deaths Caused by Tobacco in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

% deaths attributable to tobacco use in 2023

Men

23.23%

Women

7.89%

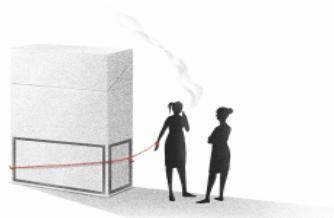
15% of all deaths in Democratic People's Republic of Korea are caused by tobacco use.

Learn more about global Prevalence,

Youth Smoking and Deaths.

Negative Effect of Tobacco Use in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Tobacco use harms both the public and fiscal health of Democratic People's Republic of Korea, threatening efforts to improve equity, alleviate poverty, and protect the environment.



Societal Harms

The annual cost-of-illness attributable to smoking in Democratic People's Republic of Korea is NA NA. This includes direct costs related to healthcare expenditures and indirect costs related to lost productivity caused by illness and premature death.



Harms Development

Tobacco spending diverts funds from the resources that families need to rise out of poverty.



Environmental Harms

Cigarette butts are the most commonly discarded pieces of waste worldwide. It is estimated that 1,102,311 tons of butts wind up as toxic trash in the world each year, equal to 416,667 female African elephants.



Harms Health Equity

The tobacco industry markets its products aggressively to lower-income populations and youth in Democratic People's Republic of Korea.



Harms NCDs

Not only is smoking a major risk factor for the 4 largest noncommunicable diseases (cancer, heart diseases, respiratory diseases, and diabetes), but people living with mental illness are nearly 2x as likely to smoke as other individuals.

Learn more about Health Effects.

Impact of the Tobacco Supply Chain on Democratic People's Republic of Korea

The tobacco industry profits significantly from producing and selling tobacco. At the same time, across the tobacco supply chain, there are significant negative health and economic repercussions for Democratic People's Republic of Korea.



Tobacco Production

There were more than 5,000,000,000,000 cigarettes produced in the world in 2019, or nearly 2 cigarettes per person per day.



Tobacco Industry

The total revenue of the 6 largest tobacco companies in the world was USD 364 billion in 2023, about the same as Pakistan's Gross National Income (GNI), 5x Panama's GNI and 9x Paraguay's GNI.

Tobacco Growing

There were 87,424 tons of tobacco produced in Democratic People's Republic of Korea in 2023 on 59,311 hectares of quality agricultural land that could have been used to grow food.

[Learn more about global Growing and Product Sales.](#)

Ending the Tobacco Epidemic in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Fortunately, there are evidence-based i.e. proven-solutions to the challenges posed by tobacco use. For several decades, governments around the world have been introducing a set of policies that address the demand for tobacco products, particularly among youth. These policies effectively reduce consumption and are cost-effective because they save governments enormous amounts of money in health care spending and increase economic productivity.

Current Tobacco Control Policies in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Designated Smoke-Free Areas in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	NA
Healthcare Facilities	Educational Facilities	Universities	Government Facilities	Indoor Offices	Restaurants	Pubs and Bars	Public Transport	All Other Indoor Public Places	Funds for Enforcement

Availability of Cessation Services in Democratic People's Republic of Korea**Quitting Resources****NRT and/or some cessation services (at least one of which is cost-covered)****National Quit Line****No****Learn more about best practices in Cessation.****Tobacco Packaging Regulations in Democratic People's Republic of Korea****Quality of Tobacco Packaging Regulation**

None

✓ Text warning label only

Text warning label with graphic warning label

Plain Packaging with text/graphic warning label

% of Pack Covered**Not specified****Learn more about best practices in Counter Marketing.****Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaigns in Democratic People's Republic of Korea****Ran a National Anti-Tobacco Campaign****Yes****Part Of A Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program****Yes****Pre-Tested With The Target Audience****Yes****Target Audience Research Was Conducted****Yes****Aired On Television And/Or Radio****Yes****Utilized Media Planning****Yes****Earned Media/Public Relations Were Used To Promote The Campaign****Yes****Process Evaluation Was Used To Assess Implementation****Yes****Outcome Evaluation Was Used To Assess Effectiveness****Yes****Learn more about best practices in Mass Media.**

Tobacco Tax Policies in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Using evidence-based international recommendations/best practices, the **Economics for Health Cigarette Tax Scorecard** assesses four components of tax systems - price, change in affordability, tax share, and structure - on a scale of 0 to 5, where a higher score is preferred.

Overall Score	Cigarette Price	Change in Affordability Over Time	Tax Share of Price	Tax Structure
Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
The overall score is an average of the four component scores.	Consumers respond to higher prices by decreasing consumption and some quit using tobacco.	In addition to price, change in affordability is critical. Cigarettes need to become less affordable for consumption to decline.	Large tax shares of price are usually a good indicator that taxes are working.	Best practices include relying more on uniform specific excise taxes that are adjusted regularly to outpace growth and inflation.

Learn more about the [Scorecard](#) in Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Regulations on Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship (TAPS) in Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Marketing is the key avenue that tobacco companies use to reach consumers, new and old. Restricting or eliminating marketing is key to tobacco control success.

Direct Bans	0 out of 7 direct bans implemented	Indirect Bans	0 out of 10 indirect bans implemented
National TV and radio	No	Free distribution in mail or through other means	No
International TV and radio	No	Promotional discounts	No
International magazines and newspapers	No	Non-tobacco products identified with tobacco brand names	No
International magazines and newspapers	No	Brand name of non-tobacco products used for tobacco product	No
Billboard and outdoor advertising	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco brands (product placement)	No
Advertising at point of sale	No	Appearance in TV and/or films: tobacco products	No
Advertising on internet	No	Prescribed anti-tobacco ads required for any visual entertainment media product that depicts tobacco products, use or images	No
Ad Ban Compliance		Complete ban on sponsorship	No
NA		Any form of contribution (financial or other support) to any event, activity or individual	No
		Ban on the publicity of financial or other sponsorship or support by the tobacco industry of events, activities, individuals	No